# 'Ewa 'Āina Education Initiative

# Unit Plan: Plants, Place and Pono Created by Maile (Pokipala) Resurrection `Ewa `Āina Site: Pu`u o Kapolei

Unit Plan: Plants, Place and Pono, link to unit plan available via the following URL: <u>https://cutt.ly/GKlqyfQ</u>

Detailed Lesson-Project Plan #2 Target grade: 9th-12th grade Target subject: Plant Systems and 'Ōlelo Hawai'i

Lesson Title: How Can Students Restore a Place in a Pono Manner? Plants, Pono and Planning

**Essential Unit Questions Addressed:** What are pono restoration activities that students can do for Pu`uokapolei?

# **Educational Standards**

#### **Next Generation Science Standards:**

**Standard 1 – <u>NLP 1.0</u>** Analyze non-food plant systems (PS) and their interactions to balance production and sustainability.

<u>NLP 1.1</u> Evaluate characteristics of organisms as non-food (products or materials) commodities to maximize PS production within the boundaries of sustainability.

<u>NLP 1.2</u> Assess features of environments to support PS (non-food products or materials) commodity production and environmental sustainability.

# Standard 4 – <u>NLP 4.0</u> Safety, legal and ethical considerations in PS Production

Adhere to regulatory guidelines to maintain safety and health in work environments.

<u>NLP 4.1</u> Assess conditions with considerations for safety and health in PS production to mitigate risks.

- Perform site assessments in order to maintain a safe and healthy environment.
- Use materials, tools, technology and equipment in accordance with safety and health guidelines. Follow labeling, operating instructions, and precautions
- Comply with work safety, and health guidelines in the processing of PS products and disposal of wastes to eliminate or minimize impacts and consequences to humans and the environment.
- Employ injury prevention practices to ensure safety in PS work environments. Some examples are: Use of personal protective equipment (PPE), demonstrate proper body mechanics, and attend to appropriate dress and grooming such as tying up hair, removal of jewelry, coveralls or clothing coverage, etc.

#### HĀ framework and/or Hawaiian Culture integrated into this lesson

This lesson connects to the following:

- Belonging Students understand place name and environment.
- Responsibility Students learn the responsibilities of being stewards of the 'āina.
- Sense of Hawai'i Students learn place names, people and plants of Hawai'i.

### Materials needed

Note: consider contacting the Mālama Learning Center (MLC) via email at <u>info@malamalearningcenter.org</u> as their staff specializes in native plant education. The MLC may be able to provide materials and expertise for propagating and outplanting plants suitable for use at Pu`uokapolei.

# Materials needed, cont.

- Seeds or cuttings of species that are chosen for Pu`uokapolei and the following have been planted as part of the restoration so they may be a good place to start: ti, hala, `uki`uki, pōpolo, pohinahina, hala pepe, kou (tree), `ie`ie, and kalo suitable for dryland planting.
- Pots (or upcycled containers with drainage)
- Potting soil mix with perlite or rocks to allow for good drainage
- Trowels
- Gloves

# Pedagogy (methods) Used

Video introduction and plant propagation activity

Lesson Introduction: Students will watch the Mālama Learning Center's video entitled: "Ola na Kini: Planting to Heal and Restore `Āina with the MLC" available via the following URL: <u>https://vimeo.com/427638604</u>.

• Encourage student note-taking and let them know that they will be asked to paraphrase instructions before beginning the plant propagation activities

#### Instructional Sequence

Teacher Does	Students Do
Check for understanding of the plant propagation techniques described in the lesson introductory video - recommend that plant propagation supplies are set up and ready to use to assist with the review.	Students describe and/or demonstrate key plant propagation techniques as prompted by the teacher
Guide students through the propagation of chosen species for the purpose of outplanting at Pu`uokapolei.	Students work collaboratively to propagate as many plants as possible with available seeds/cuttings and potting supplies.
<ul> <li>Review the care for the propagated plants and if necessary, move them to another location for optimal sun, water and minimal pest impacts.</li> <li>Plan on a minimum of 4 weeks before planning the huaka`i to Pu`uokapolei</li> <li>Note that some species will survive better when outplanted if they go through a period of decreased water and increased time in the sun to acclimate to the arid conditions of Pu`uokapolei.</li> </ul>	Students implement the native plant care plan. It is recommended that students complete plant care tasks on a regular, daily schedule based on assigned kuleana.
<b>Closure -</b> ask students to relate the activities of this lesson to 2 aspects of the HĀ framework (Belonging, Responsibility, Excellence, Aloha, Total Well-being and Sense of Hawai`i) and explain the connectionstudents to respond to this prompt via discussions with a chosen peer partner while the teacher circulates and listens to discussions.	

#### Formative assessment:

Implementation of plant care plan as observed by the teacher. Recommend whole class review of progress on at least a weekly basis. Also assess plant growth and health with students on at least a weekly basis - adjust the plant care plan as merited.

Summative assessment: Students to develop the final products in collaborative groups:

- 1. Species specific plant propagation flyers and/or videos that include culturally significant information
  - Example video for `ākulikuli available via the following URL: <u>https://cutt.ly/QHgmHUO</u>
  - Example flyer for `ahu`awa available at the following URL: <u>https://cutt.ly/OHgm3zG</u>
- 2. A scripted activity plan for leading at least one plant propagation or outplanting activity on site at Pu`uokapolei suggested topics include:
  - Sharing mo`olelo and mana`o associated with specific plants and Kapolei/Honouliuli in a fun, interactive way
  - Collecting seeds or cuttings appropriately without causing damage to plants
  - Outplanting native plants using techniques for the best chance of survival
  - Demonstrating a cultural use for a plant species present at Pu`uokapolei (without overharvesting - i.e. some of the materials will have to be brought to the site) simple lauhala weaving, dye making
  - Examples of similar activities field tested with high school leaders available via Hui o Ho`ohonua's Mālama Pu`uloa Program website Education page at the following URL: <u>https://www.malamapuuloa.org/education.html</u>
- 3. Let students know that the scripted activities will be demonstrated for peer review and implemented by them with guests at Pu`uokapolei during the upcoming huaka`i.

#### Accommodations for at least 3 types of diverse learners

- Collaborative groups will allow for peer assistance
- Allow access to voice-print software with spelling and grammar assistance for students who need help with formal written documents
- Teacher to provide frequent checks for understanding and additional coaching as needed.

# Explain How This Lesson Relates To the Unit Summative Assessment

**Summative assessment:** Students will successfully lead plant related activities with guests on a huaka`i to Pu`uokapolei.